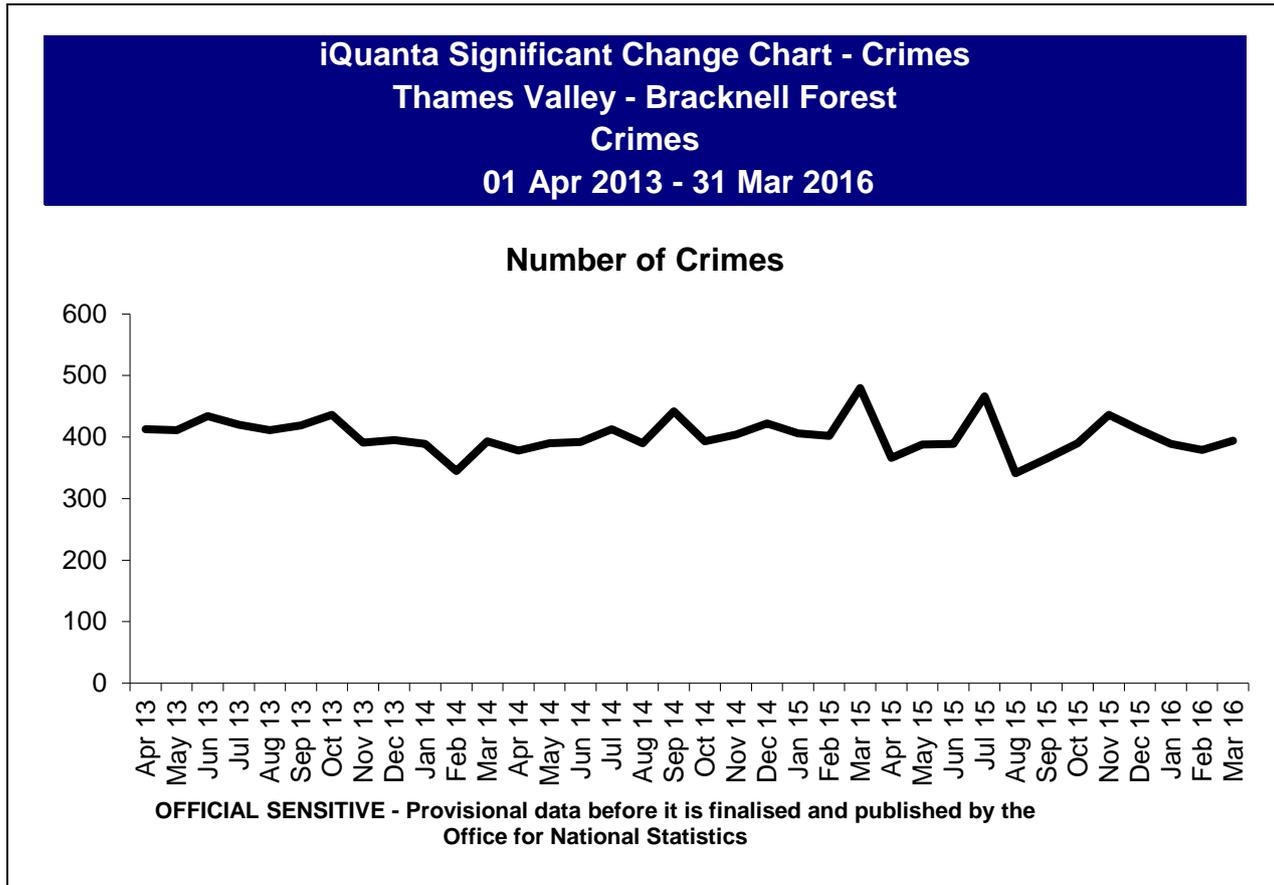




Community Safety Partnership (CSP)

Plan 2014 – 2017 (2016 Refresh)

Key facts about crime and disorder in Bracknell Forest



Did you know that up to the end of January 2016, the Community Safety Partnership (CSP) has achieved the following:

- Reduction in Robbery of Personal Property of 3.3%
- Reduction in Burglary Dwelling of 22.2%
- Reduction in Burglary Non Dwelling of 35.1%
- Reduction in Bicycle Theft of 11.3%
- Reduction in Criminal Damage Offences of 9.2%

Vision

Everyone has the right to be free from being a victim of crime and anti-social behaviour, to feel safe and to choose their own lifestyle.

Everyone also has the responsibility to take reasonable steps to avoid becoming a victim of crime, not to cause harassment or distress to others and to respect differences in others.

Your safety is our key priority

Contents

Introduction	5
The Community Safety Partnership	6
Key Priorities	7
Measuring Success	13

Introduction

In 2014, the Bracknell Forest CSP published its three year plan to tackle, ASB and substance misuse. Each year, the partnership reviews the plan to make sure our work is focussed on what matters most to real residents and on the most pressing issues in Bracknell Forest. This document is the refresh for 2016-17.

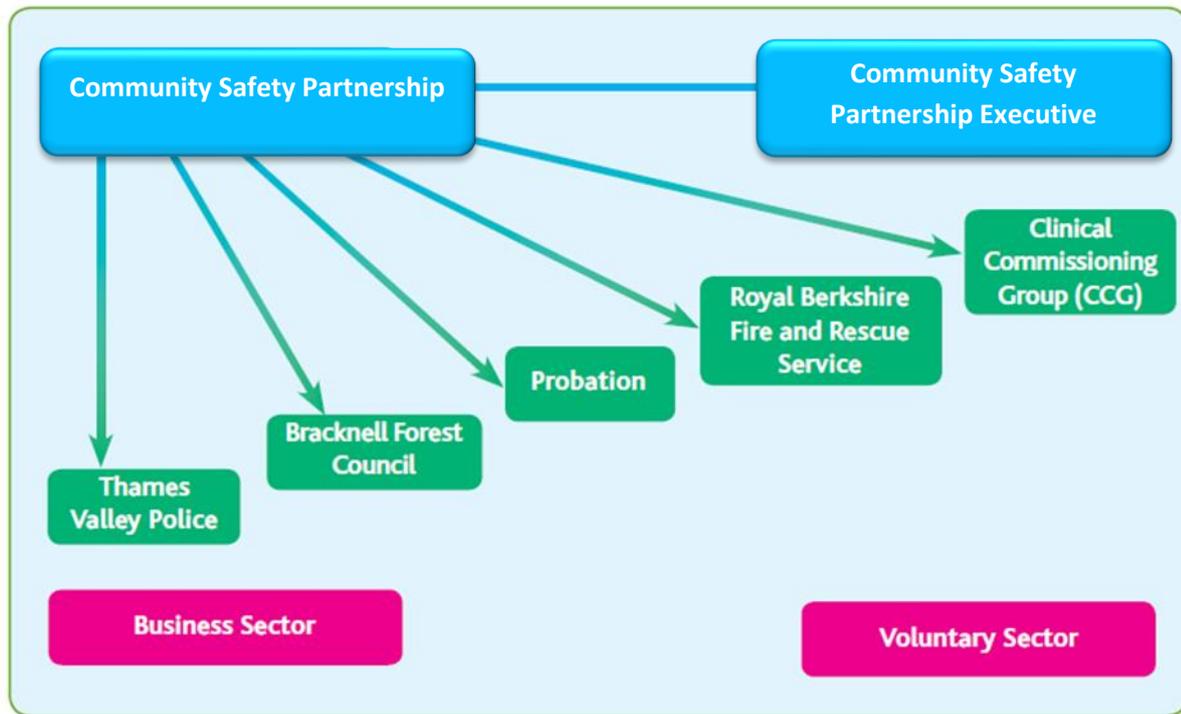
We have consulted with the public about what our priorities should be for the coming year and combined this information with the volume of crime per 1000 population and crime trends to determine our focus for this year.

This plan follows several years of sustained crime reduction within Bracknell Forest and an increase in the feeling of safety within the community. However the partnership is not complacent and will continue to strive to find new and innovative ways to tackle crime within the borough.

Bracknell Forest has a sophisticated system (currently under improvement) for collating and analysing reports of anti-social behaviour which enables the partnership to understand what anti-social behaviours are occurring, where and when and allows suitable responses to be put in place. Also, legislative changes were enacted in October 2014 which gave practitioners a new toolkit to robustly tackle anti-social behaviour, another factor which has contributed to a continued overall reduction in anti-social behaviour.

CSP members will lead on the delivery of our priority areas but we cannot work alone. We hope that partners, stakeholders, businesses, residents and communities will take responsibility and make a real contribution to help realise our vision.

The Community Safety Partnership



The CSP and its Executive meet quarterly to oversee the Community Safety Plan and its delivery of actions to reduce crime and disorder.

The success of the CSP is not only dependent upon the members working together in a spirit of cooperation but also on close working with the community which is vital to reduce crime and disorder.

The CSP has an important role in protecting vulnerable people within our community. All partners are committed to actively sharing information in the interests of community safety thereby ensuring vulnerable people are less likely to become victims of crime and disorder.

The successes enjoyed by the Bracknell Forest CSP are due to strong partnership working and a shared determination to reduce the level of crime and disorder.

Key Priorities

Each year the CSP undertakes a strategic assessment; an audit of crime and disorder performance in the borough for the previous year. The process considers the priorities of all statutory partners, views of residents and the business community through consultation as well as current trends, volumes of crime and anti-social behaviour and future projections. The priorities identified in this document have been adopted by the CSP and form the basis of the 2016 Refresh of the CSP Plan.

The two broad themes of the CSP are:

Theme 1: Crime

Theme 2: Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB)

Under these two themes the following priorities have been identified for 2016/17:

Theme 1: Crime	Theme 2: Anti-Social Behaviour
<p>Priority 1: Serious Violence</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Violence Against the Person• Sexual Offences <p>Priority 2: Protection of Vulnerable People</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Domestic Abuse• Child Sexual Exploitation• Preventing Violent Extremism <p>Priority 3: Drug Offences</p> <p>Priority 4: Youth Crime Prevention</p> <p>Priority 5: Acquisitive Crime</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Burglary Dwelling• Burglary Non Dwelling	<p>Priority 6: Environmental ASB</p> <p>Priority 7: Nuisance ASB</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loutish, Rowdy and Noisy Behaviour• Suspicion or Observation of Drug Dealing <p>Priority 8: Personal ASB</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Nuisance Neighbours• Neighbour Disputes

These priorities have been analysed more closely and broken down into more specific sub-priorities.

Priority 1: Serious Violence		
Why is this a priority?		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Violent crime is the sum of violence offences where the offender has used, or threatened to use force, whether or not there is any injury. Bracknell Forest has seen an increase in Violence Against the Person Offences. Whilst the number of Sexual Offences in Bracknell Forest remains very low the CSP recognises the serious harm caused to victims and the fear that these offences generate. 		
Aim	Target	Lead
Violence Against the Person To improve the position of the Bracknell Forest CSP in the iQuanta Most Similar Group of Violence Against the Person (ONS) based on the final position for 2015/16	Point 2	Police Tasking
Sexual Offences To maintain or improve the outcome rate for Non-Rape Sexual Offences	28%	Police Tasking

Priority 2: Protection of Vulnerable People

Why is this a priority?

The CSP recognises the significant impact these issues have on vulnerable people.

- The level of Domestic Abuse (DA) incidents in Bracknell Forest remains unacceptably high and has serious consequences affecting both adults and children.
- Internet-related crime is not made up of any single crime type but comprises a number of crime categories that are facilitated by the internet rather than taking place in the 'real world'. The CSP will monitor emerging trends and threats to keep pace with changing patterns of crime to protect the community.
- Recent years have seen a number of high profile stories from across the county hitting the national news regarding cases of grooming, with links to sexual exploitation. The CSP acknowledges the importance of not being complacent and will explore the risks and what action it needs to do to mitigate against them.
- The Local Authority has a duty to 'have due regard, in the exercise of its functions, to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism'. The CSP will assist the Council and other specified authorities to fulfil its statutory obligation.

Aim						Target	Lead
Domestic Abuse To maintain or reduce the repeat victimisation rate for recorded domestic violence offences as recorded by TVP.						23.9%	Domestic Abuse Forum
Domestic Abuse To maintain or improve the outcome rate for Domestic Violence Against the Person offences as recorded by TVP.						33%	Domestic Abuse Forum
Domestic Abuse Increase the number of children removed from Child Protection Plans (CPPs) where DA was identified as a significant factor and the perpetrator has participated in the Domestic Abuse Perpetrator Services (DAPS) programme.						Baseline year	Domestic Abuse Forum
2016/2017		Closed Cases				Number of Children removed from CP Plans	Closed cases that have not reoffended (reoffending = physical Assault)
Open Cases	New Referrals	Closed	Completed DAPS	Disengaged	Did not pass engagement phase		
Child Sexual Exploitation Promote awareness and understanding of child sexual exploitation in a variety of settings, including workforce, schools and community						Deliver programmes in line with Safeguarding Children and Young People from Sexual Exploitation Strategy	Child Sexual Exploitation and Missing Strategy Sub-group
Preventing Violent Extremism Continue to promote awareness and understanding of the Prevent agenda in a variety of settings, including workforce, schools and community						Deliver Prevent Strategy and Action Plan	Prevent Steering Group

Priority 3: Drug Offences***Why is this a priority?***

Illicit drug use is a catalyst for criminal behaviour. Enforcement efforts to suppress drug taking and dealing are likely to reduce crime. Treatment for drug users, particularly young people and those in contact with the criminal justice system, is also critically important so that their health and wellbeing is safeguarded and so that they can become contributing members of society.

Aim	Target	Lead
Increase the number of successful treatment completions as a proportion of Criminal Justice clients of all in treatment	2%	Drug and Alcohol Strategy Group and Police
Maintain the low level of criminal justice clients who successfully complete treatment and re-present within 6 months	No increase	Drug and Alcohol Strategy Group and Police
Increase the proportion of referrals to structured treatment to/from the Criminal Justice system that go on to have a new triage or new intervention in structured treatment	2%	Drug and Alcohol Strategy Group and Police
Increase the number of successful young people treatment completions	2%	Drug and Alcohol Strategy Group

Priority 4: Youth Crime Prevention***Why is this a priority?***

The CSP will continue to monitor levels of youth crime in Bracknell Forest and is aware of the challenges of working with a small cohort of young people with complex needs who are at high risk of reoffending. Levels of first time entrants into the youth justice system have continued to decrease in recent years due to a focus on diversion and prevention. Intervening earlier to address risk factors, challenge anti-social behaviour and improve parenting prevents children, young people and families from becoming socially excluded within their communities and therefore less likely to offend or reoffend in the future.

Aim	Target	Lead
Reduce the reoffending rate of the local cohort of all young offenders	2%	Youth Offending Service Management Board
Reduce the number of young people entering the youth justice system for the first time	32	Youth Offending Service Management Board

Priority 5: Acquisitive Crime

Why is this a priority?

- The CSP recognises the impact that Burglary Dwelling has on victims, families and the wider neighbourhood. Numbers are very low in Bracknell Forest and the CSP are determined to ensure that it remains that way.
- Whilst there is a projected decrease in Burglary Non Dwelling offences the CSP recognises the high relative importance that this crime category has to individuals. The CSP will focus on trying to ensure that this remains a decreasing trend.

Aim	Target	Lead
Burglary Dwelling To maintain the position of the Bracknell Forest CSP in the iQuanta Most Similar Group based on the final position for 2015/16	Point 2	Police Tasking
Burglary Non Dwelling To maintain or improve the position of the Bracknell Forest CSP in the iQuanta Most Similar Group based on the final position for 2015/16	Point 2	Police Tasking

Priority 6: Environmental ASB

Why is this a priority?

Environmental ASB deals with incidents where individuals and groups have an impact on their surroundings including natural, built and social environments. It is a priority for the CSP because it is about protecting various environments and enabling people to enjoy private and public spaces.

Aim	Target	Lead
Fly tipping Seek to identify those responsible and to take appropriate action in response and where possible deter the potential for recurrence	To prioritise and take action according to the nature of the material	Environmental Health

Priority 7: Nuisance ASB

Why is this a priority?

Nuisance ASB captures those incidents where an act, condition, thing or person causes trouble, annoyance, inconvenience, offence or suffering to the local community rather than to individual victims. It is a priority for the CSP because it incorporates incidents which interfere with public interests including health, safety and quality of life.

Aim	Target	Lead
Loutish, Rowdy and Noisy Behaviour	Baseline year	Partnership Problem Solving Group
Suspicion or Observation of Drug Dealing	Baseline year	Partnership Problem Solving Group

Priority 8: Personal ASB

Why is this a priority?

Personal ASB is designed to identify incidents that are perceived to be deliberately targeted at, or have an impact on, an individual or group rather than the community at large. Personal ASB is a priority for the CSP because it incorporates incidents that have an adverse impact on individuals' quality of life.

Aim	Target	Lead
Nuisance Neighbours	Baseline year	Partnership Problem Solving Group
Neighbour Disputes Percentage of all reported cases that are closed with a successful resolution	80%	Partnership Problem Solving Group

There are no targets for some ASB priorities due to a change in the system used for collating and analysing anti social behaviour. The whole procedure is currently being reviewed with the aim to streamline and improve the previous method, meaning that as of 2016, data will be recorded differently meaning it is no longer comparable with previous years. It is hoped that this new system will lead to an even further enhanced picture of ASB within the Borough, allowing additional opportunities to improve our response to this behaviour.

Whilst the new system has no comparison data for previous years, it will be able to compare data month on month and we will develop future targets formed on this baseline year. Monthly reports will continue to be prepared and used to resource ASB issues at the monthly Bracknell Forest Tactical Tasking and Co-ordination Group.

Measuring Success

All performance targets are monitored quarterly at the CSP Executive. Areas of concern are discussed and action plans implemented to tackle underperforming targets.